



Navigating the Path to Independence A Roadmap for Caregivers

2022











This workshop and presentation are funded by



https://www.nctcog.org/aging-services







Finding Independence by CPSH

Caregiver Welcome About this workshop

- Problem: Intellectual/Developmental Disabilities (IDD)
 services are aimed at the person but not their families
- Solution: provide caregiver information and counseling to families to improve health of whole family and reduce overall costs



Navigating Services



How will **Finding Independence by CPSH** promote health and well-being for Caregivers?

- Engage family caregivers in health promotion programs
- Ask family caregivers how they are doing and assist them in navigating services for themselves and the individuals they care for









History of African-American Caregivers

Providing extended care to one's family member is not a new phenomenon for African-American grandmothers. African-American elders have long histories taking in grandchildren, nieces and nephews, and even orphans.

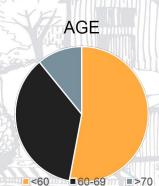
Family support is a source of relief for the African-American community. The associated role flexibility within African-American families is also a source of strength. African-American grandmothers are facing changed and trying circumstances including a reduction of available informal family supports





African American Caregiver Demographic

- It is estimated that one in ten grandparents will take on the role of primary caregiver to a grandchild for at least six months before the child is age 18, this includes children with a developmental delay or disability.
- Most of these caregivers are younger than age 60, unemployed and without any education further than secondary school.
- These factors were all found to be significant cause and predictors of elevated symptoms of depression in African-American grandmothers.







Caregiving



For many, their primary source of care and support comes from parents who are aging and older and in need of their own services and supports. Many older adults with IDD have fewer opportunities to exercise self-determination to have a meaningful, fulfilling life. As more people with IDD are aging, it becomes increasingly important for systems that focus on the needs of aging, and systems that focus on the needs of people with IDD to collaborate. 2022 Texas Caregiver

Status Questionnaire Results:

- 50% reported their health has affected their ability to provide care for the care recipient
- 48.1% take care of adults
- 32% reported high stress levels
- 21.6% provide care for five or more years

Grandparents caring for a child with a disability report receiving less social support, and experience higher levels of role strain, financial strain, and more life disruption than traditional grandparents raising children without intellectual and developmental disabilities.





Families of Adults with Developmental Disabilities

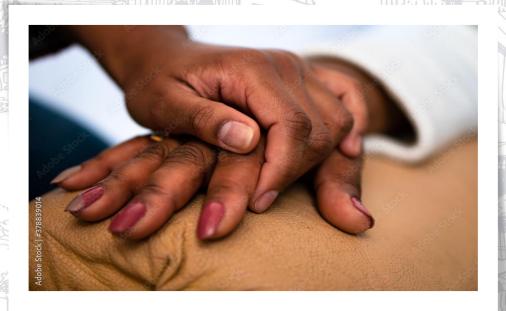
- More than half of adults with developmental disabilities live with their families.
- African American persons with developmental disabilities are more likely to live with their families.
- Parents are often involved with caring for as long as they are able.







Research on African-American Caregivers:



- Report less burden, similar levels of depression compared to white caregivers.
- Religion an important coping resource.
- This group have been found to be severely disadvantaged (low education, income and poor health).





Each Family Has a Unique Situation

Each family's situation is unique. Consult with legal, financial, medical, social service professionals for advice on planning for the future with your loved one.





About This Workshop

Finding Independence

- About CPSH
- Services
- Housing









CPSH Web Page

https://www.txcpsh.org





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Vision

All people with intellectual/developmental disabilities live as how and where they choose.

Mission

Assist residents with disabilities in Texas to use **Voice**, use **Choice**, and create **Path** live their best lives.

Area

CPSH primarily serves 14 counties in North
Central Texas. Some of our services are
available in all Texas counties.

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Case for Action



- Government only provides housing for 2% of IDD population and there is no growth.
- Lack of housing issue is not resolving, no action is being taken to improve situation.
- Waiting lists are so long that people who need support aren't receiving it.
- Service-directed model is not meeting the needs of people with disabilities and their families.
- People with disabilities are outliving their parents.









Understand Your Caregiver Approach

It is the community's and family's role to take care of people with disabilities.	People with disabilities work for self- determination, equal opportunities and self-respect.
A person with a disability is not pressured to be independent, but rather is valued and supported in being functional within the family.	Independent Living means that people with disabilities demand the same choices and control in our everyday lives that our non-disabled brothers and sisters, neighbors, and friends take for granted.
Avoid asking for assistance outside the family.	Seek out services.
The family as a whole makes decisions about critical topics affecting any one member, including health or disability issues.	The individual is encouraged to make his/her own decisions.
Suggest changes gradually.	People with disabilities will freely express their needs and opinions.





Centered Independent Living

A person selects the home of their choice that provides the opportunity to live independently in the most community-based homes appropriate to their needs and in a stable, long-term living environment, and service agencies provide services where the person needs them.



Finding Independence



Person-Centered

Finding Independence

Independent Living



This video is about making my plan for independence and shows some of the decisions I have to make.





Federal Regulations Leading



Cultural Change

In 2023, all States will be required to implement the Medicaid Home and **Community-Based Services Settings rule.** The setting is selected by the individual from among setting options including non-disability specific settings; choice of setting must be documented in person-centered service plan (PCP). Individuals must have options available for both private and shared living; service agency-owned or controlled housing must facilitate choice regarding roommate selection.







HCBS Settings Rule - What to Look For



- "Admission" program is fitting someone into a structure. Agencies get stuck in programming.
- Isolation is about what happens in a building.
- Life is about choices, rights, privacy and opportunities for participation in the community.
- Person's goals should be outcome-based and are based on the person's experiences. "I will be able to listen to directions without getting upset 70% of the time." "I will visit 3 zoos in the next year." "I will meet friends for ice cream once a month." "I will clean my bathroom every Wednesday." (Include in PCP= Person-Centered Plan)
- Accessibility to space. Windows, light switches, walkways, etc.
- Blanket rules (written and unwritten) and permission that apply to just people with disabilities but not others. Example: staff offices.
- Customers are infantilized: "my kids", "playground time", "we love them", candy and children's toys/gifts, speaking down.
- Creativity, flexibility, no limits to opportunities.
- Collaborations between agencies to provide experiences.







From Texas Health Human Services Commision (HHSC): Person-Centered Planning (PCP)

People who are in a Medicaid waiver program have the right to decide how their services are provided.

PCP identifies and focuses on your talents, what you are good at, and your skills and goals.

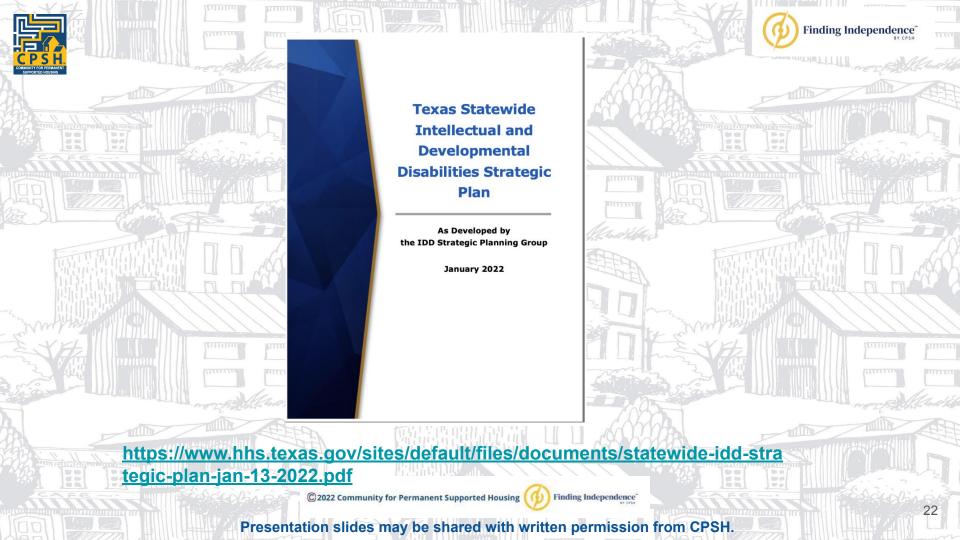




From Texas HHSC: Person-Centered Planning (PCP) (con't)

Organizations that provide waiver services are required by law to provide a person-centered plan for each person they serve. But more importantly, they will work with you to figure out the best way to provide services, so you can reach your full potential in life.

Texas Health and Human
Services is currently working
to change their service model
to be driven by the balance
between the wants and needs
of people who get our
services.





Preparing for Independence











Getting Ready- Parents' Experience



- Maximize independence and build community
- Teach independence with life experiences
- Step, Step, Step, Step
 PROGRESS
- Learn true vs perceived boundaries of independence
- Observe support system in action
- Test sustainability
- Where will you be in ___ years?





Guardianship



Some people need help managing their daily affairs because of their age, a disease or an injury. If this happens, a court of law may appoint a guardian for them.

Because having a guardian takes away some of a person's rights, it should be the last and the best choice to protect someone. Before asking a court to appoint a guardian, other options are usually tried first, such as:



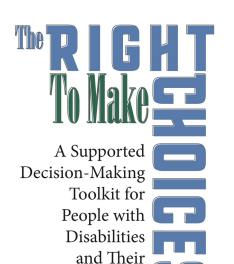
- Finding someone to help the person pay bills and manage money
- Finding someone to help the person make decisions, including health care decisions
- Enrolling the person in available community services, including Medicaid programs

To learn more about the guardianship process in Texas, read A Texas Guide to Adult Guardianship.

https://hhs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/documents/laws-regulations/legal-information/guardianship/pub395-guardianship.pdf







Supporters



www.DRTx.org January 2018 Edition



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Finding Independence





MANENT	Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)	Retirement, Survivors, & Disability Insurance (RSDI)
	Payments come from the general treasury fund, NOT the Social Security trust funds. SSI payments are NOT based on a person's earnings.	Payments come from the Social Security trust funds and are based on a person's earnings.	Federally funded program that provides benefits from 3 programs: Retirement Benefits, Survivors Benefits and Disability Insurance.
	A needs-based public assistance program that does not require a person to have work history.	An insurance that workers earn by paying Social Security taxes on their wages.	Retirement, survivors, and disability insurance paid to workers, their dependents, and survivors based on deceased person's earnings.
0	Pays disabled individuals who are unable to work AND have limited income and resources.	Pays benefits to disabiled individuals who are unable to work, regardless of their income and resources.	Pays benefits to a disabiled child or a widow or widower of someone who has worked.
	Benefits for children and adults in financial need. Must have limited income and limited resources.	Benefits for workers and for adults disabled since childhood. Must meet insured status requirements.	Can provide income after you retire and supplement lost income if you are hurt and cannot return to work. If a wage earning family member dies or if a family member who was receiving disability benefits dies.





For more information:

https://www.midwestdisability.com/c

ommon-questions/what-is-the-differ

ence-between-ssd-rsdi-and-ssi/

Retirement, Survivors, & Disability Insurance

(RSDI)

Retirement benefits: Applicants can receive benefits if they:

- Are at least 62-years-old
- Are not currently receiving their Social Security benefits
- Have not applied for retirement benefits
- Want benefits to start in no more than four months

Survivor benefits: Qualified applicants include:

- Widows/widowers when they reach full retirement age (and age 60 or age 50 in certain circumstances)
- Widows/widowers who support minors, age 16 or younger or if they are disabled
- Unmarried children if they are younger than 18 (and older in certain circumstances)
- Stepchildren, grandchildren, and adopted children under certain circumstances
- Disabled children whose parents have limited income/resources
- Divorced spouses if they are at least 60 years old (50-59 if they are disabled) or if their marriage lasted at least
 10 years

Disability benefits: Applicants are eligible if they:

- Are at least 18 years old
- Are not receiving their own Social Security benefits
- Are not working due to a medical problem that is expected to last at least a year or end in death
- Have not been denied within the last 60 days





Work Credits



Work Credits

Work credits are credits that you earn throughout your work history. Each year that you earn wages and pay FICA taxes into the Social Security system, you receive work credits. These work credits are required in order to receive Social Security Disability benefits (SSDI or SSI), Social Security Retirement and Medicare benefits.

How Are Work Credits Earned?

Workers can receive a maximum of four work credits each year. The exact amount of work credits you earn each year will depend on your employment activity and the amount of your earnings. In 2021, a worker must earn \$1,510 to earn one work credit. In order to qualify for Social Security Disability benefits, you will generally need to have earned a total of 20 work credits, although there are age exceptions to this rule.

As an individual - How Many Social Security Credits Do You Need to Qualify for SSDI?

Because the number of social security credits for eligibility for SSDI varies by age. If you are between 31 and 42 years you will need 20 work credits to qualify for disability benefits.

If you are under 24 years old, you will require 6 work credits. If you are between 24 and 30 years old the number of social security credits required is 8 with number of years of work set at 2 while a 30 year old will need 18 credits and 4 and a half years of work.

As an child with a disability - How Many Social Security Credits Do You Need to Qualify for SSDI?

Amount paid on a parent's Social Security earnings record.







Sign Up for Supplemental Security Benefits

Can apply a month before a person turns 18

Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) pays benefits to you and certain members of your family if you are "insured," meaning that you worked long enough and paid Social Security taxes.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) pays benefits (\$841 monthly) based on financial need.

What is the difference between **SSI** and **SSDI**? The major difference is that **SSI** determination is based on age/disability and limited income and resources, whereas **SSDI** determination is based on disability and work credits. In addition, in most states, an **SSI** recipient will automatically qualify for Medicaid.

Many individuals are eligible for benefits under **both** the **Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)** and **Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** programs at the same time. The term "concurrent" is used when individuals are eligible for benefits under **both** programs.

Retirement, Survivors, Disability Insurance (RSDI) refers to "retirement, survivors, and disability benefits paid to workers, their dependants, and survivors." Pays benefits to a disabled child or a widow or widower of someone who has worked, qualified based on the deceased person's earnings.

- Registration: <u>https://secure.ssa.gov/ICON/main.jsp</u>
- If your child is under 18 for more information go to: https://www.ssa.gov/disability/SP_dib_starter_kits_child.htm





Medicaid and Medicaid Waivers



Medicaid is a joint federal and state program providing **health benefits** for those including:

- Adults with disabilities
- Older adults
- Adults with low incomes



A Medicaid waiver allows the state to assist individuals and provide some long-term services to those with disabilities or elderly citizens who are eligible for **Medicaid**.

Medicaid waivers override certain rules for how **Medicaid** funding can be used.

For example, a waiver may help a person with an increased likelihood of requiring long-term care, such as those with behavioral issues.

The waivers allow healthcare professionals to provide care in a person's home or community instead of a long-term care facility.

To apply: https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicaid-chip





Join the Texas Medicaid Waiver Interest List



Call 1-877-438-5658 for information on putting your child on an interest list for long-term services. This is for the CLASS, DBMD, and MDCP exemptions.



- Community Living Assistive and Support Services (CLASS): Provides support at home and in the community to children and adults with related conditions. There are more than 200 related conditions, such as cerebral palsy and spina bifida. The related condition must have occurred before the child was 22 years old.
- Deaf Blind with Multiple Disabilities (DBMD): Provides services for children and adults who are deaf-blind or have a related condition that leads to deaf-blindness and who have another disability.
- Medically Dependent Children Program (MDCP): Provides services to medically fragile children and adults under age 20 as an alternative to receiving services in a nursing facility.





Join the Texas Medicaid Waiver Interest List (con't)



Call your Local Intellectual and Developmental Disability Authority (LIDDA) to get your name on the interest list for the HCS and Texas Home Living Waiver programs. You can search for your LIDDA's telephone number. https://apps.hhs.texas.gov/contact/search.cfm/

- Home and Community-Based Services (HCS): gives services and supports to children and adults with an intellectual disability (ID) or a related condition who live with their families, in their own homes, or in small group homes with no more than 4 people.
- STAR+PLUS Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS): gives services to adults over the age of 21 to keep them in their community and not in a nursing home facility.
- <u>Texas Home Living (TxHmL)</u>: gives services to children and adults with an intellectual disability (ID) or a related condition who live in their own home or their family's home.





Services- Where Do You Find Them?



Local Authority (LIDDA)-

- MetroCare- Dallas County
- LifePath Systems- Collin County
- My Health My Resources-Tarrant County

Legal Professional Special Needs Lawyer Property Lawyer

Research centers in hospitals that specialize in different disabilities- such as UT Southwestern, Children's Medical Hospital

Managed Care Organization (MCO)Entities that serve Medicare or Medicaid beneficiaries

Medical Professional-Doctor, Nurse, Mental Health

ionalental Health Insurance Property Insurance

Financial Professional

Specialized Resource Groups such as Down Syndrome Guild, Autism Speaks, DisabilityRightsTX, The Arc

Local Elected Official such as City Council Member, County Judges, legislative representative, Senators

Parent Groups Such as on FB and at schools

211- ask for help and set up case

Special Needs Ministries

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Protective Supervision



- A supportive service for people with a disability who need to be observed at times during the day or night to protect them from injuries, hazards or accidents.
- Difficult to justify and bill.
- The need must be identified through Person-Centered Planning and be included in a person's individual service plan.

https://www.disabilityrightsca.org/publications/in-home-supportive-services-protective-supervision





Community First Choice (CFC)



CFC provides certain services and supports to individuals living in the community who are enrolled in the Medicaid program and meet CFC eligibility requirements. Services and supports may include:

https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicaid-chip/programs-services/community-first-choice

- <u>Activities of daily living</u> (eating, toileting and grooming), activities related to living independently in the community and health-related tasks (personal assistance services)
- Acquisition, maintenance and enhancement of skills necessary for the individuals to care for themselves and to live independently in the community (habilitation)
- Providing a backup system or ways to ensure continuity of services and supports (emergency response services)
- <u>Training people how to select, manage and dismiss their own attendants</u> (support management)





CFC Assessment



The form is used in conjunction with the Person-Directed Plan, as an instrument for collecting and documenting essential information to determine the number of CFC Personal Assistance Services/Habilitation (PAS/HAB) hours to be authorized on the applicant's/individual's Individual Plan of Care (IPC).

To access the form:

https://www.txcpsh.org/s/8510-3.pdf







Simple Assessment



Yearly Attendant Care Assessment – how much assistance is needed to live safety and as independently as possible? Find assessment at: https://www.txcpsh.org/s/AC-assessment.doc

Everything you do for person, including reminders	What time did you do it? How much time did you spend?	With the right training could this be learned Y1 – more Y2 – all M – don't know yet N - no	Who will help you with training on this skill? What should be in IEP?
woke up	7:00am 5min	Y1	Buy alarm
personal hygiene (menstruation, bathroom, hair, nails)	7:15am 10min	Y1	School Nurse for some, family for other
brought French toast after student micro-waved	8:00am 2 min	Y2	parent
got his medicine ready	8:05am 3 min	Y2	parent
helped get dressed for work	8:10am 10 min	Y2	parent
took him to work	8:30am 20 min	Y1	School, DART
bought first aide supplies	10:30am 30 min	Y2	Parent, school
did 2 loads of laundry	11:00am 90 min	Y2	Parent
picked up from work	12:00pm 30 min	Y1	Parent
helped take off work clothes	12:20pm 10 min	Y1	Parent
picked up prescription	3:00pm 30 min	Y1	Parent
made dinner	6:00pm 30 min	Y1	Parent

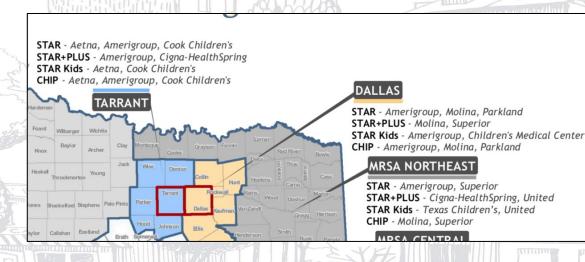




Applying for CFC



- If your loved one is receiving a Medicaid Waiver contact your case manager
- If your loved one is not receiving a Medicaid Waiver contact your Managed Care Organization (MCO)





Consumer Directed Services (CDS)



Allows you or your legally authorized representative to be the employer of some of your service providers.

- Hire and manage your own employees, set the wages for your employees, within state guidelines
- Select a Financial Management Services agency to do your payroll and federal and state taxes

https://www.hhs.texas.gov/doing-business-hhs/provider-portals/long-term-care-providers/consumer-directed-services/fmsa-agencies

Roles and responsibilities:

https://www.hhs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/documents/services/disability/cdsoption-roles-responsibilities.pdf







Meet the Expert

With Rachel Neely to discuss Consumer Directed Services

Register here:

https://www.txcpsh.org/CDS22

Meet the Expert

Rachel Neely to provide an introduction to the

Consumer Directed Services option, or CDS, which allows individuals in Texas HHSC home and community-based programs the opportunity to self-direct some of all or the their services.

Register here:

https://www.txcpsh.org/CDS22



Register for link

Rachel Neely Senior Policy Advisor, Medicaid and CHIP Services at the Texas Health and Human Services Commission

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Today Affects the Future



 Medicaid and Private Services are difficult to justify and expensive to maintain over many years.



- The fewer services our loved ones need the easier it is to find qualified, long term care.
- What can families do to minimize the dependence our loved ones have on us, so they can take more responsibility for themselves?
- How can we provide realistic expectations to future caregivers so that we are confident that our loved ones will be safe and be good neighbors when they no longer live with us?
- We can create a safe place in our homes so that our loved ones can learn, practice, make mistakes, and improve upon their daily living and safety skills.



Housing









- DAVID LIVES ON HIS OWN.
- DAVID MOVED INTO HIS APARTMENT IN JUNE 2019.
- DAVID HAS DOWN SYNDROME AND MEDICAL CHALLENGES.
- David gets help from his Medicaid Waiver program.
- David has services come to his home.

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Finding Independence





How could parents help a loved one think about a time when they are living away from the family?



Finding Independence



How do you encourage your loved one to realize the future?

How do you feel about talking with your child about living away from home?

What are you doing to help your child be more independent?

Finding Independence

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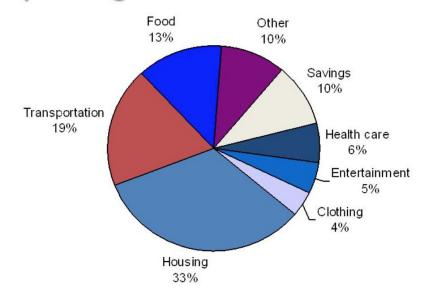


Affordable Budget





Spending Guidelines



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics





Housing Options





Services **not** covered by state or federal funds.

Support covered by HCS and SSI.

Covered by a combination of private and government funds.

State funded, HCS provides services.

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Who it Helps



Finding Independence

Mainstream (MCVs)

> Dallas & Denton County Housing Authorities currently

Non-elderly persons with disabilities

MCVs.

You hold the voucher. You find a place that takes vouchers and use the voucher to pay for all or part of the rent. Pay 30 % of income (SSI or no income accepted) You bring

support services. Denton and Dallas Housing Authorities currently have

Section 811 Program

have open lists

Low-income people with disabilities, criteria to meet with a referral agent Property holds the voucher. Select from a list of properties that accept 811. Pay 30 % of income (SSI or no income accepted). You bring support services. Must be referred by 811 referral agent from a local authority.

You bring support services.

for 2-4 people with disabilities to live in the property

Property owner holds the voucher

15 vouchers currently available. Dallas, Tarrant, Collin, Denton, Ellis, Kaufman, Rockwall counties eligible. Pay 30 % of income (SSI or no income accepted) Finding Independence

Project-Based Vouchers (PBVs)



What is the Difference



HCS Group Home - Texas State Approved Service-Centered

- Planned group activities
- Housemate may be assigned
- Homes are in specific locations
- Limited stock of government supported housing (HCS residential, Companion Care, ICF, SSLC)
- Service Agencies own or rent thus become landlord- dilutes focus from service
- Self-actualization is limited
- Desire for choice and control limited in implementation of Person-Centered Plan

Neighborhood Home (CPSH) Person-Centered

- Property owned by family or property owner
- Property owner does not live in home
- Housemate compatibility a priority
- Each person chooses their own service agency for in home services
- Each person creates their own schedule
- Person can choose where they want to live
- Progressive Service Agencies provide services in the home if needed
- Gives property owners more opportunities to participate in improving lives
- CPSH has recordings of Zoom workshop for those interested in creating a Neighborhood Home.







Owning the Home Your Loved One Lives In

Neighborhood Homes

- Are owned by people who want to offer housing for people with disabilities
- Have rental agreements directly with tenants



At best, rental property should cover all operating expenses and produce a modest return or break even

Homeowner is responsible for "marketing" the availability of the openings in the residence and securing residents.

Typically a Limited Liability Corporation (LLC) is established for this home.

https://www.txcpsh.org/neighborhood-homes/







Applying for Project-Based Vouchers (PBV) (voucher attached to the property)

- Offered by the Dallas Housing Authority (DHA) to Tarrant, Collin, Dallas, Denton, Kaufman, Rockwall and Ellis counties
- Property owned by people who want to offer housing for people with disabilities
- Property owner applies to the Request for Proposal (RFP)- DHA has authority over program
- Tenant pays up to 30% of income to rent (SSI, SSDI & RSDI included)
- Typically a Limited Liability Corporation (LLC) is established for this type of home
- https://www.txcpsh.org/pbv for info on applying





Applying for Mainstream Choice Vouchers (MCV)



(person holds the voucher)

- 4 for 2022 with CPSH endorsement endorsement through DHA
- MCVs are designed to help tenants with disabilities live independently in the community.
 - For non-elderly people with disabilities who are transitioning from institutionalization, homeless: or risk of becoming homeless.
 - The voucher holder looks for properties that will accept the voucher. This may be property that already accepts vouchers or is willing to fill out a simple form to accept a voucher for the first time.
 - Considered affordable rent at about 30% of a person's income.
 - Offered by local housing authorities.
 - Currently Dallas Housing Authority wait list is open at: https://dhantx.com/applic.../housing-choice-voucher-program/

WATCH YOUR EMAILS FOR OPENINGS







CPSH Informational Videos



Project-Based Housing Vouchers- learn what they are, how they help and how to apply.

https://secure.givelively.org/event/community-for-permanent-supported-housing/2022-mainstream-project-based-voucher-video



Neighborhood Homes- learn how parents/property owners set up and run a home for their son and 2 roommates in Richardson.

https://secure.givelively.org/event/community-for-permanent-supported-housing/2022-cpsh-creating-a-neighborhood-home



Budget Checklist with SSI



SSI-est.	ith O	ut Mai	nsı	ream vo	oucner	Frank S	PAH
					With M	ainstream	Vouc
	W	O MCV		W/ MCV		1 Solo De	
Rent	\$	1,100	\$	330			
Water	\$	35	\$	35			
Electric	\$	90	\$	90		ANTINE.	11.11
Cable/Internet	\$	50	\$	50			mielicin
Phone	\$	25	\$	25		1	188
Health Insurance							
Food	\$	60	\$	60			1
Entertainment	\$	50	\$	50			
Transportation	\$		\$	400	Support		
						4.5	
Total Expenses/Mo	\$	1,410	\$	1,040			1
						1	
Sources of Income						7	Hill
Food Stamps	\$	149	\$	149		and a	
Work	\$	384	\$	384		I. m	17/1/25
SSI	\$	591	\$	591		K-8.	VEL
Family						- mz	O AL
Assistance	\$	286	\$	194		3	ST THE
Total Income/Mon	\$	1,410	\$	1,124		42	
Medicaid Waiver	10hr/	mon	10ł	nr/mon		mal	
Medicaid Health	As ne	eded	Ası	needed			11 11
Emergency support	As ne	eded	Ası	needed			m while

With Out Mainstream Voucher

Finding Independence







Resources



 SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program)- Food benefits https://hhs.texas.gov/services/food/snap-food-benefits

- AT&T Access Program-Offering low-cost (\$10) wireless home Internet service to qualifying households:
 - *With at least one resident who participates in SNAP and
 - *With an address in AT&T's 21-state service area, at which they offer home Internet service https://m.att.com/shopmobile/internet/access/
- True Link Financial- Financial services that can be self-managed or administered by family members, friends, or trusted professionals. Spending monitors, safeguard spending, set custom spending rules, allow or block access to cash and ATMs, real-time alerts via texts www.truelinkfinancial.com
 - 1-866-984-8576
- Texas ABLE Account- Savings program for Texans with disabilities
 TexasABLE.org https://www.texasable.org/faqs/







Home Safety Game Changers









Video Doorbell

Fire Extinguisher Spray

Smart WIFI Smoke Alarm Vocal Recordable Smoke Alarm





Home Safety Game Changers









Electric Auto Stove Shut-off Safety Device Indoor Security
Camera

Water Alarm Sensor

Automatic Pill Dispenser





Home Safety Game Changers









Find My Phone Apps

Keyless Smart Lock

Memo Minder- Motion Activated Message Player

Extra Loud Alarm Clock with Bed Shaker









Physical and Mental health factors of Older Caregivers

- Older caregivers were more likely to report having physical health problems than non-caregivers
- Less likely to afford prescriptions and mental health care and less likely to exercise and have insurance.
- African-Americans were more likely to be in fair/poor health and fair or poor mental health than Whites
- African Americans with IDD were more likely to report fair/poor health and fair/poor mental health than Blacks without IDD.

Finding Independence

HEALTH REVIEW CHECKLIST

HCP: Staff Name and Title Health Care Provider				
Health Status Indicators "Highlight or diele any drangen in health status. Any "Yes", "Don't Knoet" or "Recent Change" may indicate a need for farther explosation by the NOP.	No	Yes	Don't Know	Check if recent change
HABITS Does this person:	0	0	0	3
1. smoke or use tobacco products?	0	2	0	0
drink alcohol? avoid r soular exercise?	20		2	2
4. engage in sex?		1		-
SLEBP Does this person:		2	- 0	
1. have problems sleeping at night?	- 0	13	- 0	- 0
get up 2 or more times during the night to go to the lathroom? Bill askeep during the day?	3	п	а	3
EATING/WEIGHT Has this person:	0	0	0	- 0
1. gained or lost more than 10 pounds in the past		2		
year? 2. over choked while eating?	0	2	0	0
3. had trouble drawing or swallowing?	0	2	- 3	
4. cough or had a change in their breathing during or after eating or drinking?		12	- 1	- 4
5. ever been relugant to see or drink?	5	5	0	2
6. needed to drange the texture of their food or drink?	-	-	-	
CARDIAC Does this person:	0	0	9	- 2
1. ever complain of dress, jaw, or left arm pain?	0	0	11	
2. have swallen feet or ankles?	9			
3, ever have blue lips or mails?	1 1	141		
RESPIRATORY Does this parson:	0	D .	0	0
frequently cough or wheese? have shortness of breath when at rest?	3	0	0	3
Nave shortness of breath what a next? Nave shortness of breath what exercising?	-			
have frequent colds, oncurronia, sinus infections		-		
or branchius?				
GASTROINTESTINAL Does this person:	a			- 0
1. complain of or appear to have hearthurst rub dress,	100	35	1000	17.734
or burp frequently?	0	0	2	0
2. yarnit 2 or more times per week?	9	13	0	3
complain of or appear to have abdominal pain? 4. have a bowel movement less than 3 times per week? 5.	0	D D	0	- 0
frequently have 3 or more bowel movements per water 5.	2	<u> </u>	0	0
5. seem to have difficulty moving their bowels?		5	- a	2
7, ever have blood in their bowel movements?		-	1000	10000

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HOME WELCOME SERVICES GIVE & DO PRESS CONTACT US



SUBSCRIBE

CPSH Offers Resources on www.txcpsh.org

https://www.txcpsh.org/serviceslist

Updated 2/8/22

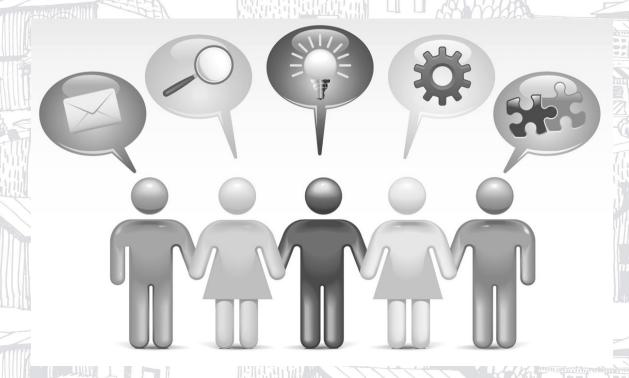
Service	Topics	For	Access	Price
Discovering CPSH	Overview of CPSH	All	Remote	Free
Discovery Call	Initial 15 minute call with CPSH. Ask questions to get started on more independence	All	Short Form	Free
Road to Home	Presentation describes the services CPSH offers for community groups, schools and colleges businesses and government agencies	All	Email CPSH	Free
Guide - Texas	Planning for Person- centered Independent Living (in Texas)	Families	Get It Now	\$15
Guide - USA	Planning for Person- centered Independent Living (in USA)	Families	Get It Now	\$15
Meet the Experts	Provides families, service providers, educators, and individuals with disabilities the opportunity to hear from local and state experts. (Are you an expert and interception?	All	Remote	Free





General Q & A











Affordable Housing
Family Members as
Caregivers
Texas Education Agency
Changes for IEPs
And Morel

Planning for Person-Centered Independent Living

A Texas Families Guide to Person-Centered Independent Living for Adult Children with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities and Neurodiversity





For USA Families

Planning for Person-Centered Independent Living

A Guide for Families and Their Loved Ones with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities and Neurodiversity



https://www.txcpsh.org/cpshguide/

https://www.txcpsh.org/cpshguideusa/

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Finding Independence





My Independence Action Plan (MIAP) Course









Student: "CPSH has it going on!"

Parent: "We have some clarity for next steps"



For students up to age 22 www.txcpsh.org/twc

TWC contract



Finding Independence





Next Steps

- Complete feedback form (will send through email)
- Complete Health Checklist for Caregiver and Individual
- Select resources from presentation and act on it!
- Individual counseling sessions available with Mrs.
 Limbrick**

**purpose of counseling sessions are to identify resources and/or talk through challenges you may have as caregivers









Lakitria "Kiki" Limbrick
Caregiver Information and
Counseling Services
kiki.limbrick@txcpsh.org
337-372-1770

Contact Kiki for Free confidential Counseling Services https://www.txcpsh.org/aacform

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